

Globus Research Data Management: Campus Deployment and Configuration

XSEDE

Extreme Science and Engineering
Discovery Environment

Steve Tuecke
Vas Vasiliadis





Presentations and other useful
information available at

globus.org/events/xsede15/tutorial



Agenda

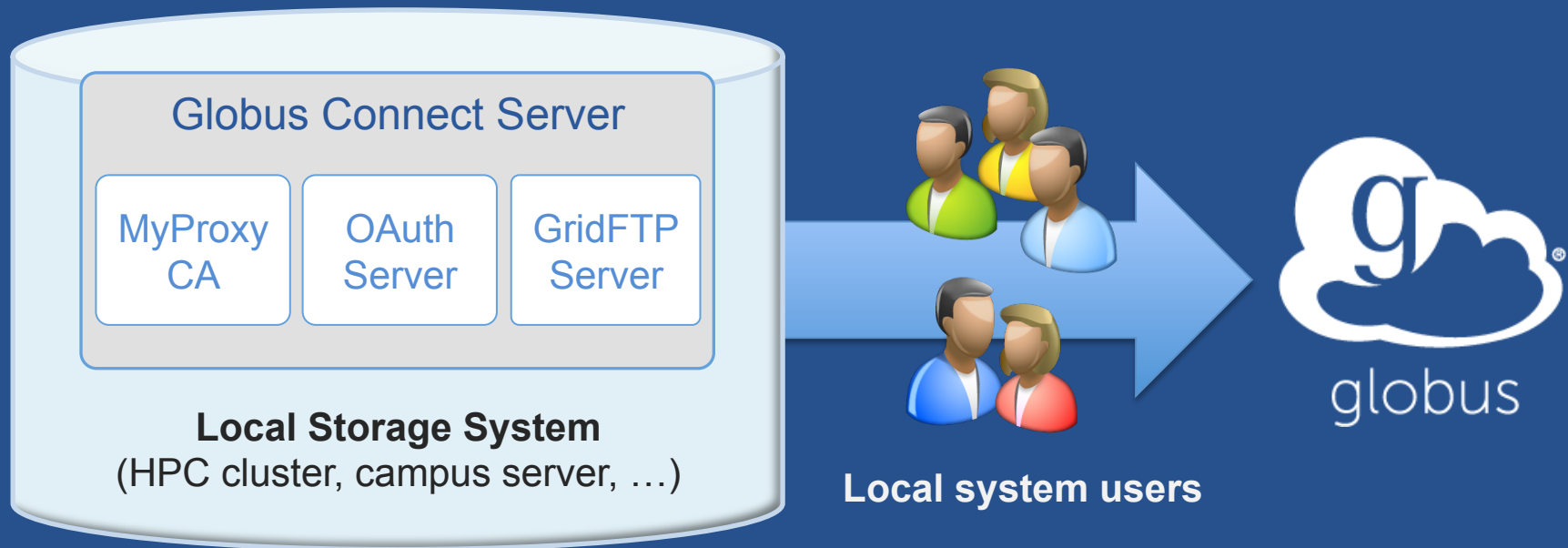
- **Globus Connect Server overview**
- **Demonstration and exercise: Installing Globus Connect Server**
- **Exercise: Configuring Globus Connect Server**
- **Common Globus Connect Server configurations**
- **Advanced endpoint configuration**
- **Deployment best practice: Science DMZ**
- **Wrap-up and general Q&A**



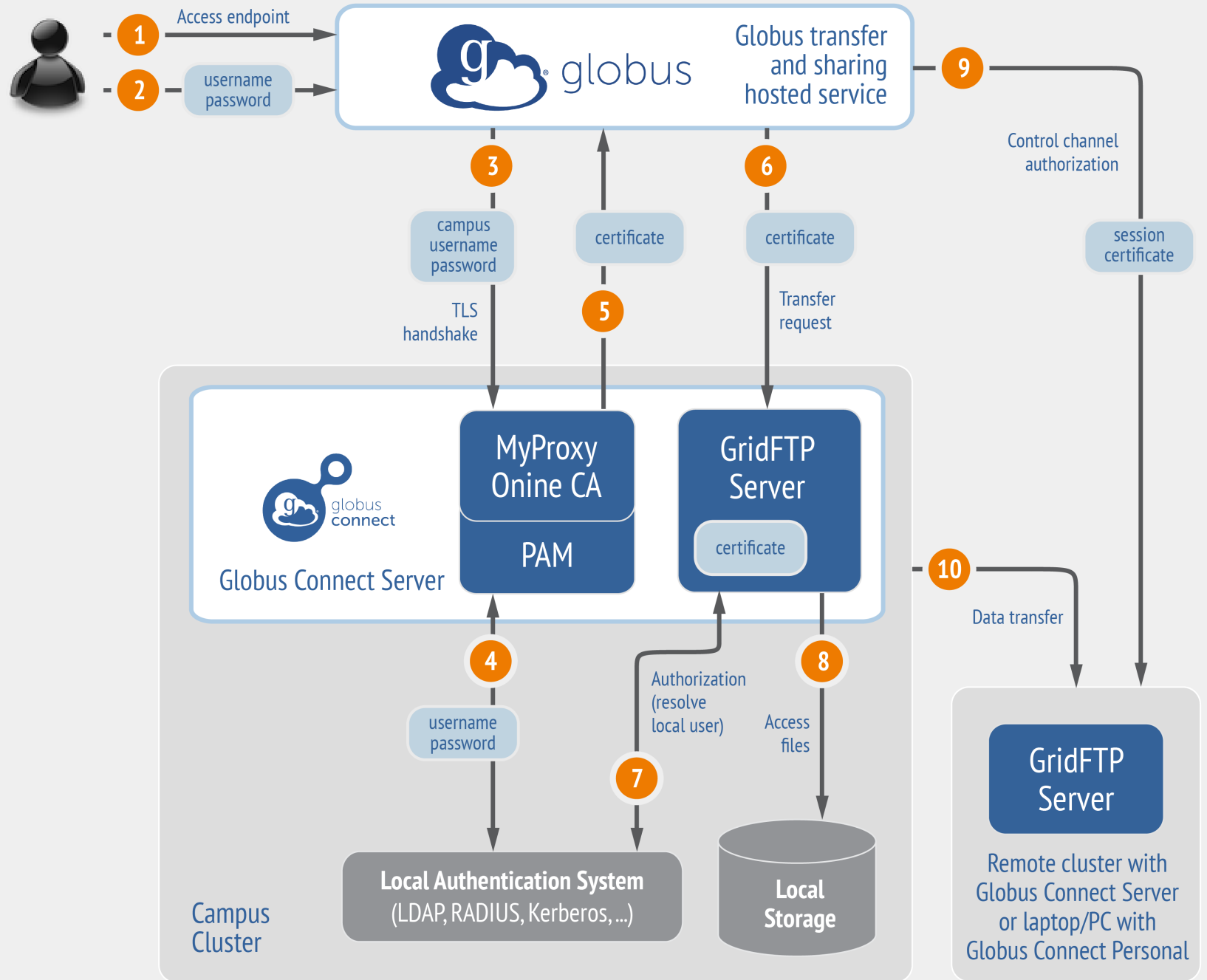
Globus Connect Server Overview



Globus Connect Server



- **Create endpoint in minutes; no complex software install**
- **Enable all users with local accounts to transfer files**
- **Native packages: RPMs and DEBs**





What we are going to do:

1

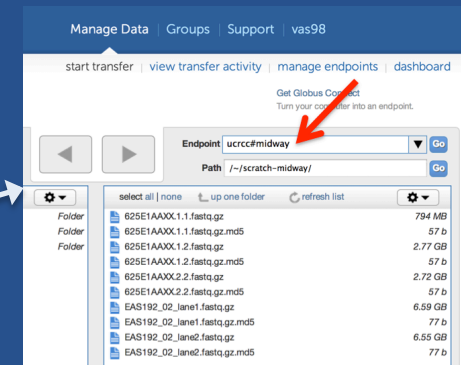
Install Globus Connect Server

- Access server as: campusadmin/xsede15
- Update repo
- Install package
- Setup Globus Connect Server



2

Log into Globus (using Globus username)



3

Access the newly created endpoint (as user 'researcher')

4

Transfer a file



Globus Connect Server Demonstration



Exercise 4: Set up a Globus Connect Server endpoint and transfer files

- **Goal for this session: turn a storage resource into a Globus endpoint**
- **Each of you is provided with an Amazon EC2 server for this tutorial**



Step 1: Log into your host

- **Your slip of paper has the host information**
- **Log in as user 'campusadmin':**
`ssh campusadmin@<your-AWS-IP-address>`
(password: xsede15)
- **NB: Please `sudo su` before continuing**
 - User 'campusadmin' has passwordless sudo privileges



Step 2: Install Globus Connect Server

‘Cheat sheet’: globus.org/events/xsede15/tutorial

```
$ sudo su
$ curl -LOs http://toolkit.globus.org/ftppub/globus-
connect-server/globus-connect-server-
repo_latest_all.deb
$ dpkg -i globus-connect-server-repo_latest_all.deb
$ apt-get update
$ apt-get -y install globus-connect-server
$ globus-connect-server-setup
```

└─ Use your Globus username/password here

You have a working Globus endpoint!



Step 3: Access your Globus endpoint

- **Go to Manage Data → Transfer Files**
- **Access the endpoint you just created**
 - Enter: <username>#ec2-... in Endpoint field
 - Log in as user “researcher” (pwd: xsede15); you should see the user’s home directory
- **Transfer files**
 - Between esnet#???-diskpt1 and your endpoint



Configuring Globus Connect Server

- **Globus Connect Server configuration is stored in:**
 - `/etc/globus-connect-server.conf`
- **To enable configuration changes you must run:**
 - `globus-connect-server-setup`
- **“Rinse and repeat”**
- **NB: Please `sudo su` before continuing**



Configuration file walkthrough

- **Structure based on .ini format:**
 - [Section]
 - Option
- **Most common options to configure**
 - Name
 - Public
 - RestrictedPaths
 - Sharing
 - SharingRestrictedPaths
 - IdentityMethod (CILogon, OAuth)



Changing your endpoint name

- Edit `/etc/globus-connect-server.conf`
- Set `[Endpoint] Name = "dtn"`
- Run `globus-connect-server-setup`
 - Enter your username/password when prompted
- **Access the endpoint in your browser using the new endpoint name**
 - You may need to refresh your browser to see the new name in the endpoint list



Making your endpoint public

- Try to access the endpoint created by the person sitting next to you
- You will get the following message:
- ‘Could not find endpoint with name ‘dtn’ owned by user ‘<neighbor’s username>’



Making your endpoint public

- **Edit:** `/etc/globus-connect-server.conf`
- **Uncomment** `[Endpoint] Public` option
- **Replace** `'False'` with `'True'`
- **Run** `globus-connect-server-setup`
- **Try accessing your neighbor's endpoint:**
you will be prompted for credentials...
- **...you can access the endpoint as the**
“researcher” user



Common Globus Connect Server Configurations



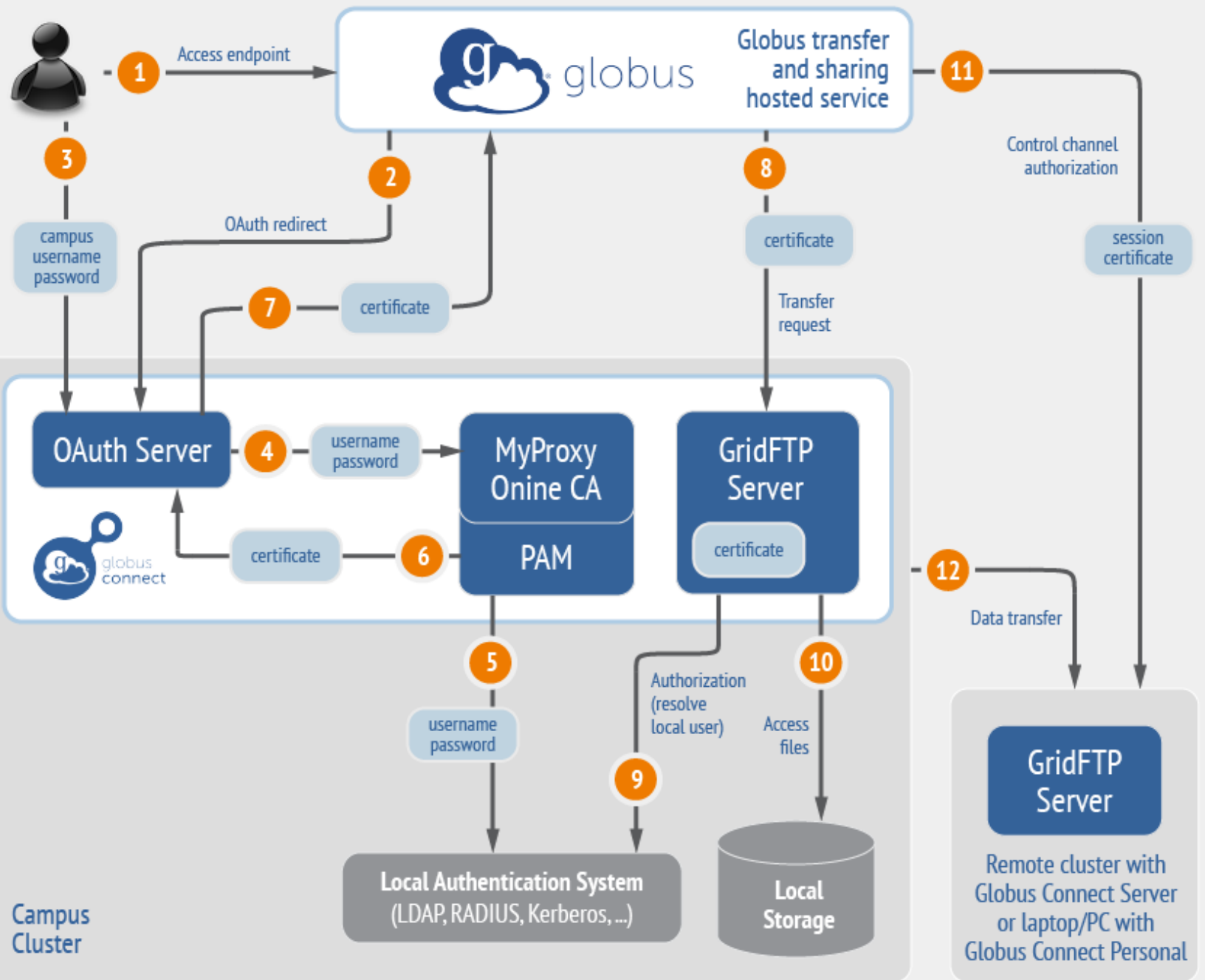
Firewall configuration

- **Allow inbound connections to port**
 - 2811 (GridFTP control channel)
 - 7512 (MyProxy CA) or 443 (OAuth)
- **Allow inbound connections to ports 50000-51000 (GridFTP data channel)**
 - If transfers to/from this machine will happen only from/to a known set of endpoints (not common), you can restrict connections to this port range only from those machines
- **If your firewall restricts outbound connections**
 - Allow outbound connections if the source port is in the range 50000-51000



Using MyProxy OAuth server

- **MyProxy without OAuth (we just did this!)**
 - Site passwords flow through Globus to site MyProxy server
 - Globus does not store passwords
 - Still a security concern for some sites
- **Web-based endpoint activation**
 - Sites run a MyProxy OAuth server
 - MyProxy OAuth server in Globus Connect Server
 - Users enter username/password only on site's webpage to access an endpoint
 - Globus gets short-term X.509 credential via OAuth protocol





Enable sharing on your endpoint

- Edit: `/etc/globus-connect-server.conf`
- Uncomment `[GridFTP] Sharing = True`
- Run `globus-connect-server-setup`
- Go to the Web UI Start Transfer page*
- Select the endpoint*
- Create shared endpoints and grant access to other Globus users*

* Note: Creation of shared endpoints requires a **Globus Provider** plan for the managed endpoint
Contact support@globus.org for a one-month free trial



Advanced Endpoint Configuration



Select configuration scenarios

- **Customizing filesystem access**
- **Using host certificates**
- **Using CILogon certificates**
- **Enabling sharing on GT GridFTP server**
- **Configuring multiple GridFTP servers**
- **Setting up an anonymous endpoint**



Path Restriction

- **Default configuration:**
 - All paths allowed, access control handled by the OS
- **Use RestrictPaths to customize**
 - Specifies a comma separated list of full paths that clients may access
 - Each path may be prefixed by R (read) and/or W (write), or N (none) to explicitly deny access to a path
 - '~' for authenticated user's home directory, and * may be used for simple wildcard matching.
- **E.g. Full access to home directory, read access to /data:**
 - RestrictPaths = RW~,R/data
- **E.g. Full access to home directory, deny hidden files:**
 - RestrictPaths = RW~,N~/.*



Sharing Path Restriction

- **Further restrict the paths on which your users are allowed to create shared endpoints**
- **Use `SharingRestrictPaths` to customize**
 - Same syntax as `RestrictPaths`
- **E.g. Full access to home directory, deny hidden files:**
 - `SharingRestrictPaths = RW~,N~/.*`
- **E.g. Full access to public folder under home directory:**
 - `SharingRestrictPaths = RW~/public`
- **E.g. Full access to `/proj`, read access to `/scratch`:**
 - `SharingRestrictPaths = RW/proj,R/scratch`



Control sharing access to specific accounts

- **SharingStateDir** can be used to control sharing access to individual accounts
- For instance, with
`SharingStateDir = "/var/globus/sharing/$USER"`
user "bob" would be enabled for sharing only if a path exists with the name `"/var/globus/sharing/bob/"` and is writable by bob.



Using a host certificate for GridFTP

- **You can use your GridFTP server with non-Globus clients**
 - Requires a host certificate, e.g. from OSG
- **Comment out**
 - `FetchCredentialFromRelay = True`
- **Set**
 - `CertificateFile =`
`<path_to_host_certificate>`
 - `KeyFile = <path_to_private`
`key_associated_with_host_certificate>`
 - `TrustedCertificateDirectory =`
`<path_to_trust_roots>`



Single Sign-On with InCommon/CILogon

- **Requirements**
 - Your organization's Shibboleth server must release the ePPN attribute to CILogon
 - Your local resource account names must match your institutional identity (InCommon ID)
- **Set AuthorizationMethod = CILogon in the Globus Connect Server configuration**
- **Set CILogonIdentityProvider = <your_institution_as_listed_in_CI_Logon_identity_provider_list>**



Enabling Sharing on a GT GridFTP Installation

- Get Globus Sharing CA certificates <http://toolkit.globus.org/toolkit/docs/latest-stable/gridftp/securityd2b.tar.gz>
- Add to your trusted certificates directory (/etc/grid-security/certificates)
- Use '-sharing-dn' option in the server as follows: `globus-gridftp-server -sharing-dn "/C=US/O=Globus Consortium/OU=Globus Connect User/CN=__transfer__"`
- Use '-sharing-rp' option to restrict the file paths allowed for sharing: `globus-gridftp-server -sharing-rp <path>`
- <http://toolkit.globus.org/toolkit/docs/latest-stable/gridftp/admin>



Deployment Scenarios

- **Globus Connect Server components**
 - globus-connect-server-io, -id, -web
- **Default: -io and -id (no -web) on single server**
- **Common options**
 - Multiple -io servers for load balancing, failover, and performance
 - No -id server, e.g. third-party IdP such as CILogon
 - -id on separate server, e.g. non-DTN nodes
 - -web on either -id server or separate server for OAuth interface



Setting up multiple `-io` servers

- **Guidelines**

- Use the same `.conf` file on all servers
- First install on the server running the `-id` component, then all others

1. **Install Globus Connect Server on all servers**
2. **Edit `.conf` file on one of the servers and set `[MyProxy] Server` to the hostname of the server you want the `-id` component installed on**
3. **Copy the configuration file to all servers**
 - `/etc/globus-connect-server.conf`
4. **Run `globus-connect-server-setup` on the server running the `-id` component**
5. **Run `globus-connect-server-setup` on all other servers**
6. **Repeat steps 2-5 as necessary to update configurations**



Deployment Best Practice: Science DMZ



Researchers don't realize full benefits of existing IT infrastructure

- **Impedance mismatch between research computing systems and the WAN**
- **Network “misconfiguration” (10 x 1Gb/s links \neq 1 x 10Gb/s link)**
- **Indiscriminate security policies**
- **TCP: small amount of packet loss = huge difference in performance**



Science DMZ Components ⚡

- “Friction free” network path
- Dedicated, high-performance data transfer nodes (DTNs)
- Performance measurement/test node
- User engagement and education

LOTS of great info available at:
fasterdata.es.net/science-dmz

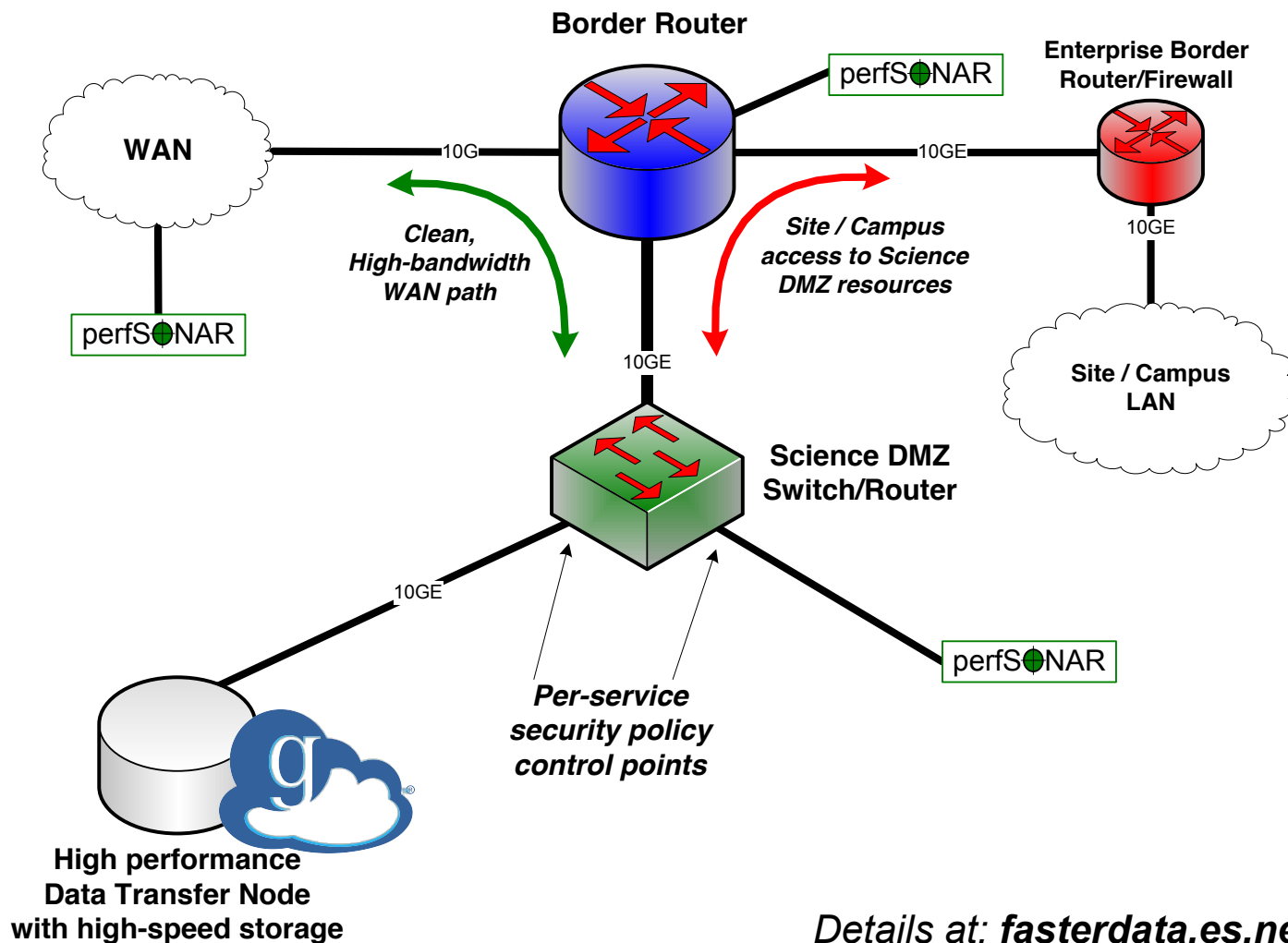


Typical deployment ⚡

Science
DMZ

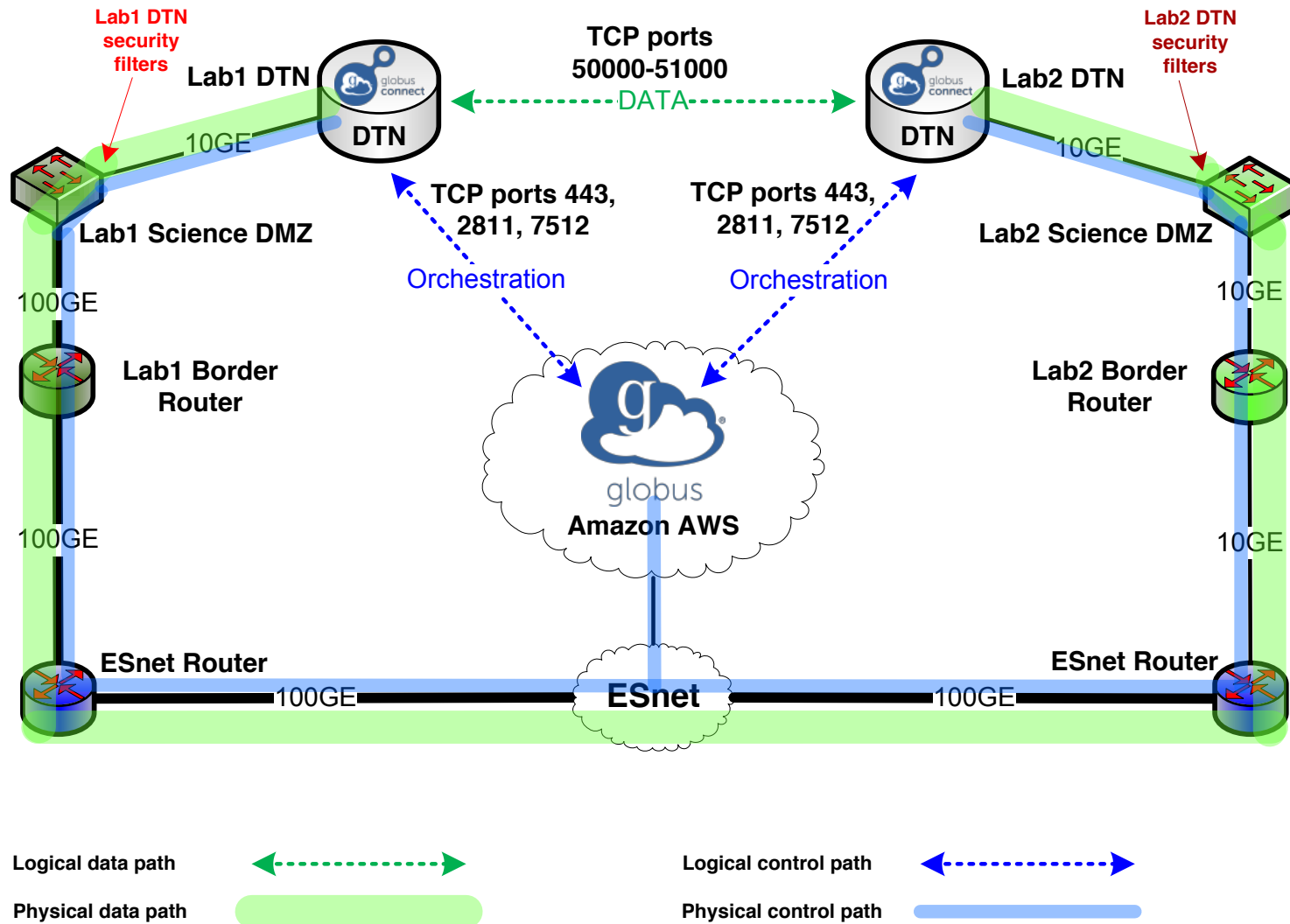
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Globus





Network paths





Enable your campus systems

- Signup: **globus.org/signup**
- Enable your resource: **globus.org/globus-connect-server**
- Need help? **support.globus.org**
- Subscribe to help make Globus self-sustaining
globus.org/provider-plans
- Follow us: **[@globusonline](https://twitter.com/globusonline)**