



The Southern California Earthquake Center

Advancing SCEC Earthquake System Science Research with Grid-based High Performance Computing and Scientific Workflows



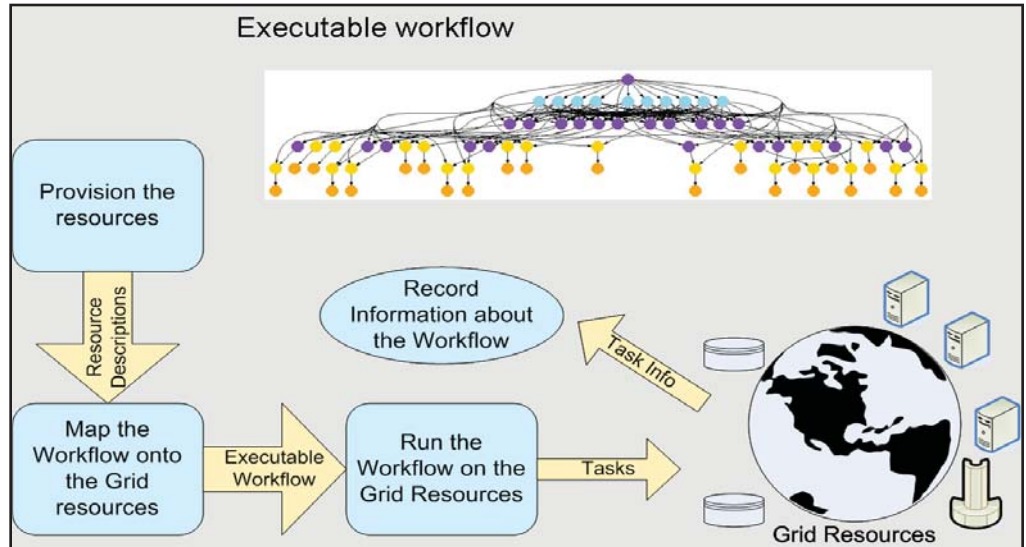
NSF



The Southern California Earthquake Center (SCEC) is a multi-institution, multi-disciplinary research center bringing together geo-scientists and computer scientists from over 54 institutions to develop a comprehensive and predictive understanding of earthquakes and to disseminate this information in ways that increase awareness, reduce economic losses and save lives. An important component of the SCEC research program is a distributed, grid-based, high performance computing environment - the SCEC grid. The SCEC grid allows scientists to configure and execute large-scale scientific workflows across a heterogeneous computing environment.

The Southern California Earthquake Center (SCEC) is engaged in an active earthquake system science research program that seeks to develop predictive models of earthquake processes. Essential to this research is the development and application of appropriate cyberinfrastructure in order to perform large-scale, physically realistic, numerical simulations. The SCEC collaboration has developed a series of computational platforms (vertically integrated collections of hardware, software, and people) that support large-scale earthquake simulations on high performance computers. The high performance simulation codes, within the SCEC computational platforms, utilize the multi-teraflop computing facilities of the NSF TeraGrid cyberinfrastructure and the computing resources of the USC High Performance Computing and Communications (HPCC) system.

There are currently four SCEC computational platforms and each platform provides a widely useful, reusable simulation capability that supports SCEC science goals. The SCEC computational platforms include (1)



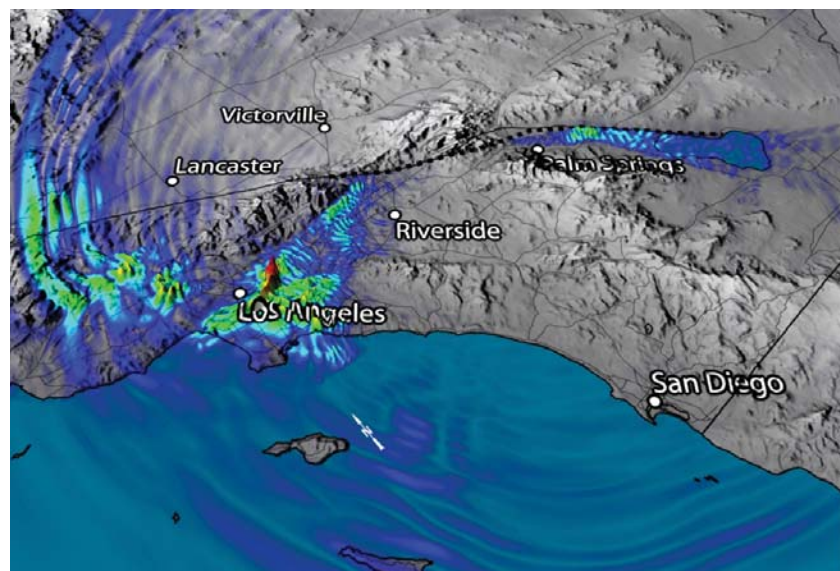
The SCECGrid supports the configuration and execution of distributed, large-scale scientific workflows through the use of the Virtual Data System (VDS) that includes Globus, Condor, Chimera, RLS, MCS, and Pegasus.

dynamic rupture and wave propagation capabilities (TeraShake Platform), (2) waveform-based probabilistic seismic hazard curve calculation capabilities (CyberShake Platform), (3) verification and validation capabilities (SCEC Earthworks Platform), and (4) delivery of probabilistic seismic hazard analysis (PSHA) results to end users (OpenSHA Platform).

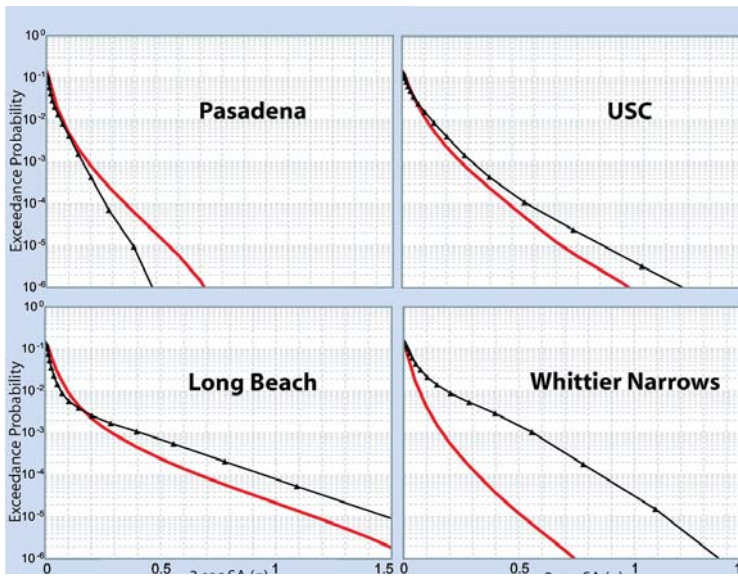
The SCEC computational platforms have been used to produce important SCEC research results including a Puente Hills Earthquake

Loss Estimate study (Field et al (2005), Earthquake Spectra) and the TeraShake simulations of large earthquakes on the Southern San Andreas fault (Olsen et al (2006), Geophysical Research Letters).

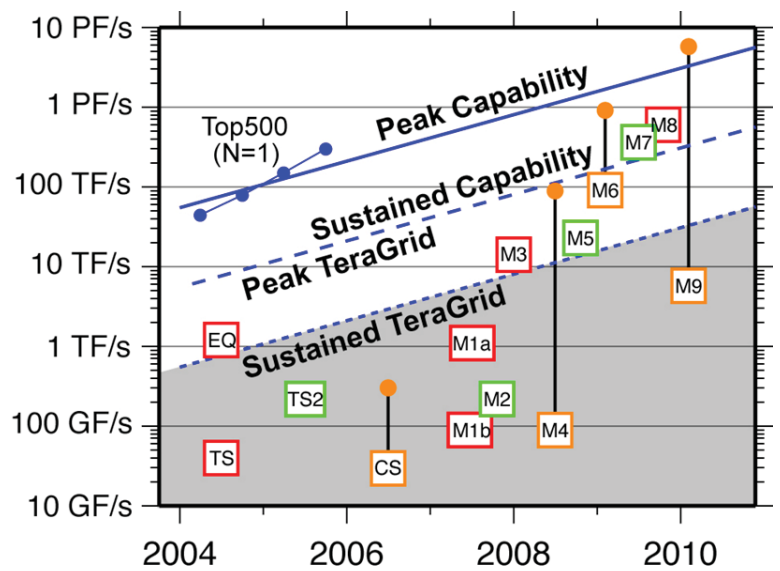
All of the SCEC computational platforms require high performance computing and large scale data management tools. The SCEC computational platforms share common cyberinfrastructure that includes grid-based scientific workflow capabilities based on the Virtual Data System (VDS)



This velocity magnitude map of TeraShake 1.3 data shows how strong ground motions are channeled into the Los Angeles region for a large Southern San Andreas Earthquake. (Image: SDSC)



The output of a CyberShake calculation is a Probabilistic Seismic Hazard curve – the probability of exceeding an Intensity Measure Level (IML) at a site. This image compares several CyberShake hazard curves to attenuation relationship-based hazard curves, for spectral acceleration at a period of 3.0 seconds.



SCEC has outlined a series of simulations that will advance the SCEC earthquake system science research goals. This graph shows the estimated computing performance required to complete each of these simulations within 100 hours. Vertical bars indicate simulations that can use capacity computing.

and the Storage Resource Broker (SRB) data management software.

Complex, multistep computations performed by the SCEC platforms are modeled as scientific workflows and the SCEC grid-based workflow tools securely distribute the computations across a heterogeneous collection of computing resources. This system allows SCEC to share computing and storage resources across the multi-institution SCEC collaboration.

The SCEC earthquake system science program requires a wide variety of high performance computing capabilities including capability computing, capacity computing, and data intensive computing as well as scientific workflow capabilities. The

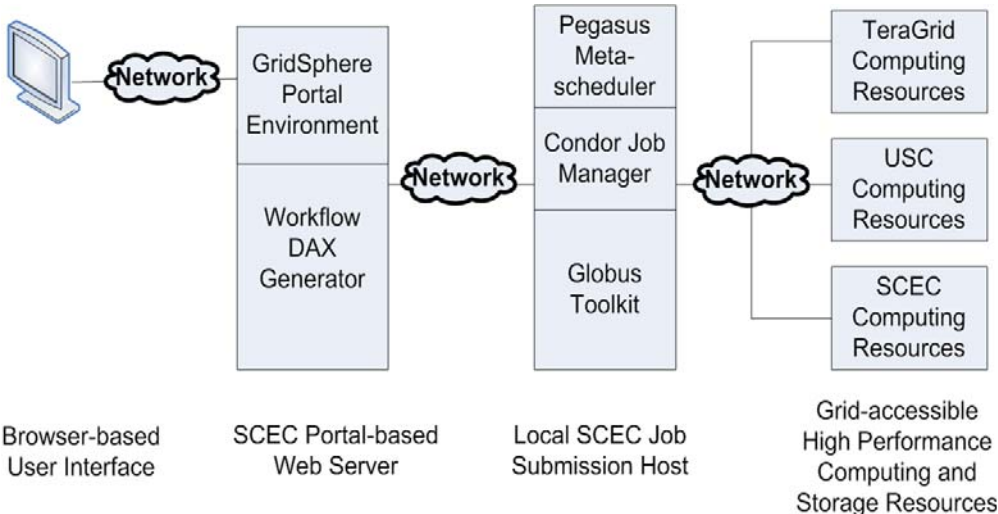
SCEC cyberinfrastructure must also support the highly diverse SCEC research community in which researchers have a wide range of high performance computing expertise.

The SCEC Earthworks science gateway was developed in order to provide non-traditional supercomputer users with access to the high performance computing and scientific workflow capabilities of the SCEC grid. The SCEC Earthworks system allows users to configure, execute, and monitor earthquake simulations through a browser-based interface. Multi-step earthquake simulations are converted into workflows by the Earthworks system. The SCEC Earthworks system provides users

with access to the high performance computing, scientific workflow, and data management capabilities of the SCEC grid including access to computing resources at SCEC, USC/HPCC, and the TeraGrid.

Southern California Earthquake Center
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University of Southern California	Carnegie Mellon University
California Institute of Technology	Case Western Reserve University
Columbia University	Central Washington University
San Diego State University	CICESE (Mexico)
University of California, Los Angeles	ETH Zurich (Switzerland)
University of California, Riverside	Inst. of Geol. and Nuclear Sciences (New Zealand)
University of California, San Diego	Jet Propulsion Laboratory
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University of Nevada, Reno	National Chung Cheng University (Taiwan)
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Massachusetts Institute of Technology	Oregon State University
Stanford University	Pennsylvania State University
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U.S. Geological Survey, Menlo Park	Rice University
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	Texas A&M University
	University of California, Berkeley
	University of California, Davis
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Brown University	University of New Mexico
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Cal-State, Northridge	University of Western Ontario
Cal-State, San Bernardino	URS Corporation
California Geological Survey	Utah State University
	Whittier College
	Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution



The SCEC Earthworks Science Gateway allows SCEC researchers to configure and run an earthquake simulation using grid-based scientific workflow technologies on the TeraGrid national supercomputer facilities through a web-based portal interface.